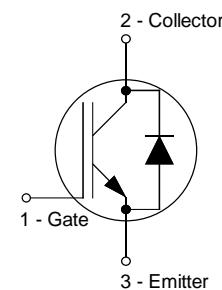
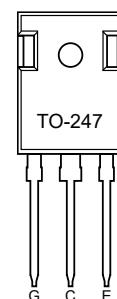


650V 50A Trench and Field Stop IGBT

Product Information

Features	Package Marking and Ordering Information	
♦ Low switching power loss	♦ Product Name:	KJG50N65P
♦ Low switching surge and noise	♦ Marking:	KJG50N65P
♦ Advanced Field Stop technology	♦ Package:	TO-247
♦ Low EMI	♦ Quantity:	300 pcs
♦ T_J 175°C		
Applications		
♦ Industrial UPS		
♦ Welding machine		
♦ Solar converters		
♦ Energy storage		



Maximum Rated Values ($T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}	650	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Transient Gate-Emitter Voltage ($t_p \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$, $D < 0.01$)		± 30	
DC Collector Current, $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ (Limited by T_J max)	I_C	100	A
DC Collector Current, $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ (Limited by T_J max)		50	
Pulsed collector current (T_p limited by T_J max) ^[1]	I_{CPuls}	200	
Diode Forward Current, $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ (T_p limited by T_J max)	I_F	90	
Diode Forward Current, $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ (T_p limited by T_J max)		50	
Turn-Off Safe Operating Area $V_{CE} \leq 650 \text{ V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p = 1 \mu\text{s}$	-	200	
IGBT Max. Power Dissipation	P_{D_IGBT}	300	W
FWD Max. Power Dissipation	P_{D_FRD}	250	
Operating Junction Temperature	T_{VJ}	-40 to 175	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to 175	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-Ambient	R_{thJA}	-	40	-	°C/W
IGBT Thermal Resistance, Junction-Case	R_{thJC}	-	0.5	-	
Diode Thermal Resistance, Junction-Case	R_{thJCD}	-	0.6	-	

Electrical Characteristics ($T_{VJ}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Static Characteristics						
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$	$V_{GE}=0 \text{ V}, I_c=0.25 \text{ mA}$	650	-	-	V
C-E Leakage Current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=650 \text{ V}, V_{GE}=0 \text{ V}$	-	-	250	μA
G-E Leakage Current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0 \text{ V}, V_{GE}=\pm 20 \text{ V}$	-	-	± 200	nA
G-E Threshold Voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_c=250 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	5.0	5.8	6.6	V
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$V_{GE}=20 \text{ V}, I_c=50 \text{ A}$				V
		$T_{VJ}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1.6	2.0	
		$T_{VJ}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	2.2	-	
Diode Forward Voltage	V_F	$V_{GE}=0 \text{ V}, I_F=50 \text{ A}$				
		$T_{Vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	2.1	3.0	
		$T_{Vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1.5	-	
Dynamic Characteristics						
Input Capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE}=25 \text{ V}, V_{GE}=0 \text{ V}, f=1 \text{ MHz}$	-	6800	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oes}		-	200	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{res}		-	72	-	
Gate Charge	Q_G	$V_{CC}=520 \text{ V}, I_c=50 \text{ A}, V_{GE}=15 \text{ V}$	-	215	-	nC
IGBT Switching Characteristics						
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{j}=25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC}=400 \text{ V}, I_c=50 \text{ A}, V_{GE}=15 \text{ V}, R_G=10 \Omega, \text{Inductive load}$	-	83	-	ns
Rise Time	t_r		-	37	-	
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	170	-	
Fall Time	t_f		-	98	-	
Turn-on Energy	E_{on}		-	1.0	-	mJ
Turn-off Energy	E_{off}		-	1.6	-	
Total Switching Energy	E_{ts}		-	2.6	-	
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{j}=175^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC}=400 \text{ V}, I_c=50 \text{ A}, V_{GE}=15 \text{ V}, R_G=10 \Omega, \text{Inductive load}$	-	75	-	ns
Rise Time	t_r		-	38	-	
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	190	-	
Fall Time	t_f		-	120	-	
Turn-on Energy	E_{on}		-	1.1	-	mJ
Turn-off Energy	E_{off}		-	0.7	-	
Total Switching Energy	E_{ts}		-	1.8	-	
Diode Characteristics						
Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_{j}=25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_R=400 \text{ V}, I_F=50 \text{ A}, dI/dt=500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	90	-	ns
Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}		-	1.0	-	μC
Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I_{rrm}		-	7.7	-	A
Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_{j}=175^{\circ}\text{C}, V_R=400 \text{ V}, I_F=50 \text{ A}, dI/dt=500 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	130	-	ns
Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}		-	2.0	-	μC
Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I_{rrm}		-	28	-	A

Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

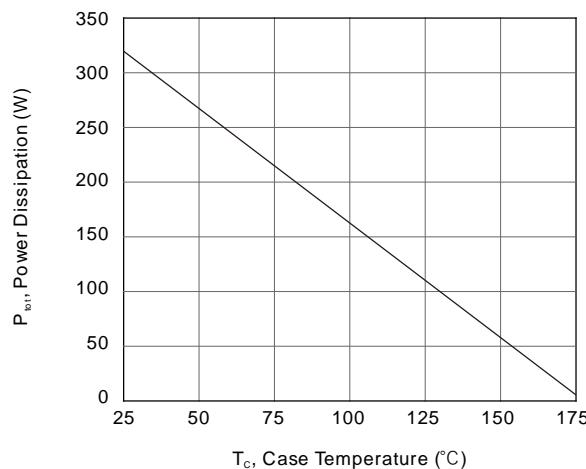


Figure 1. Power dissipation vs. case temperature
($T_{vj} \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$)

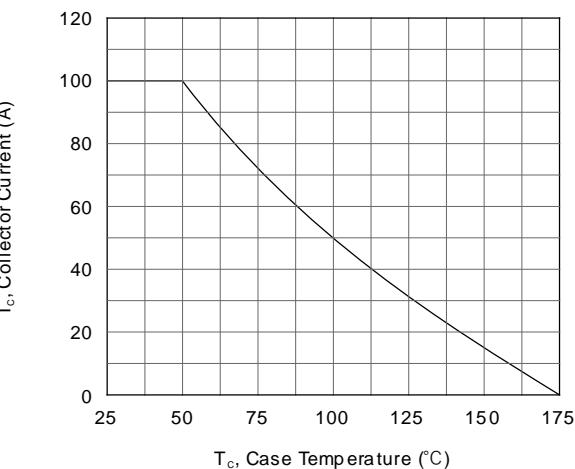


Figure 2 Collector current vs. case temperature
($V_{ge} \leq 15\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$)

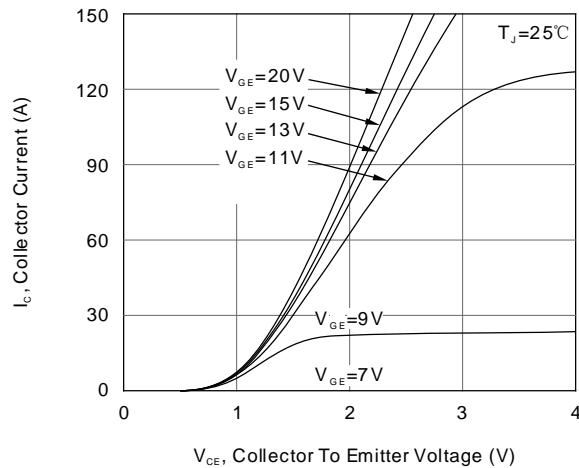


Figure 3. Typical output characteristic
($T_{vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

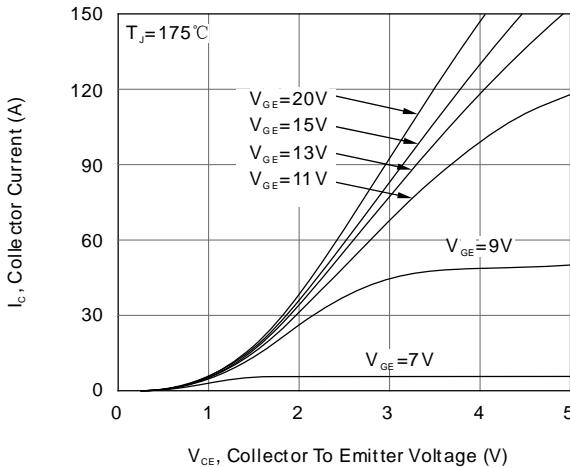


Figure 4. Typical output characteristic
($T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$)

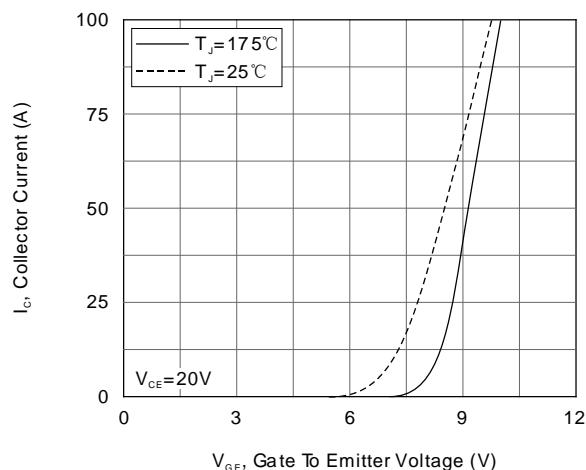


Figure 5. Typical transfer characteristic
($V_{ce}=20\text{V}$)

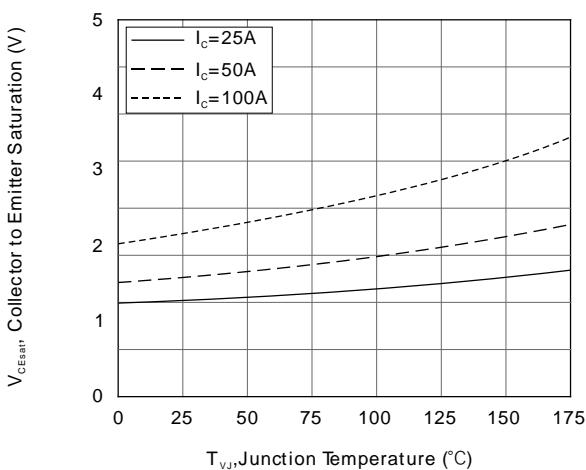


Figure 6. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage vs. T_{vj}
($V_{ge}=15\text{V}$)

Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics (cont.)

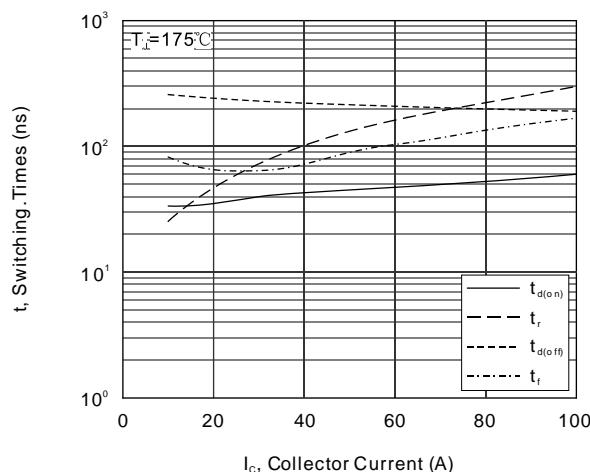


Figure 7. Typical switching times vs. collector current
(Ind. load d, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $R_g=10\Omega$)

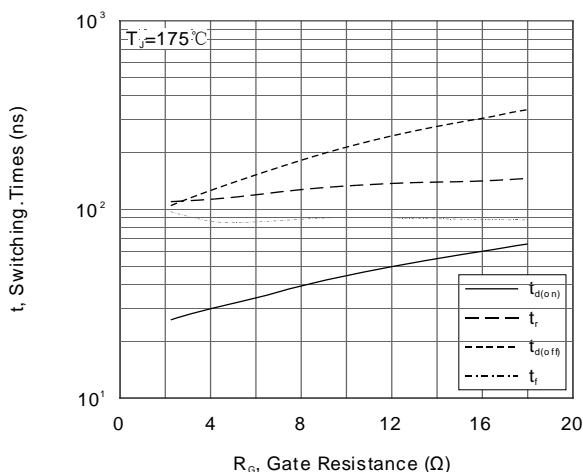


Figure 8. Typical switching times vs. gate resistor
(Ind. Load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=50\text{A}$)

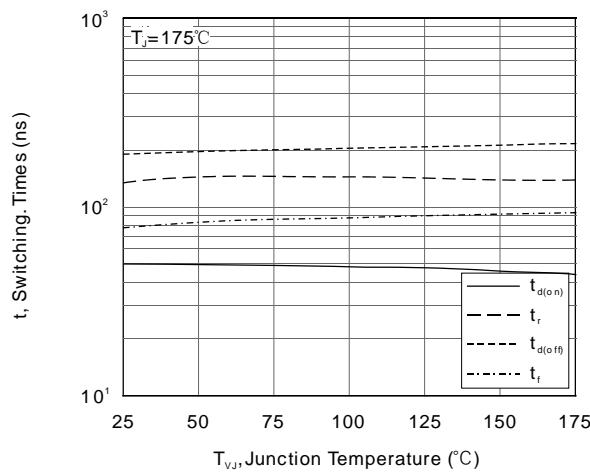


Figure 9. Typical switching times vs. T_{vj}
(Ind. Load, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=50\text{A}$, $R_g=10\Omega$)

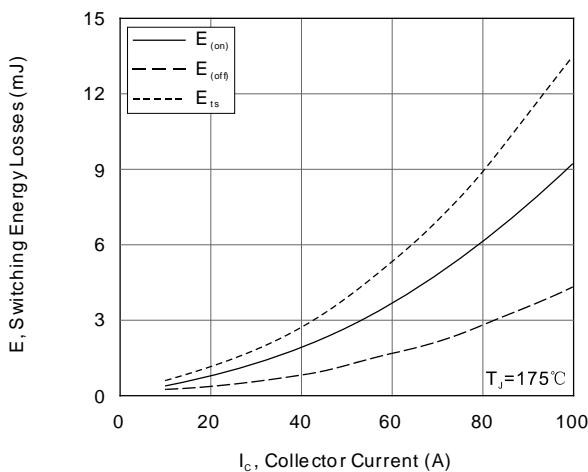


Figure 10. Typical switching energy losses vs. collector current
(Ind. load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $R_g=10\Omega$)

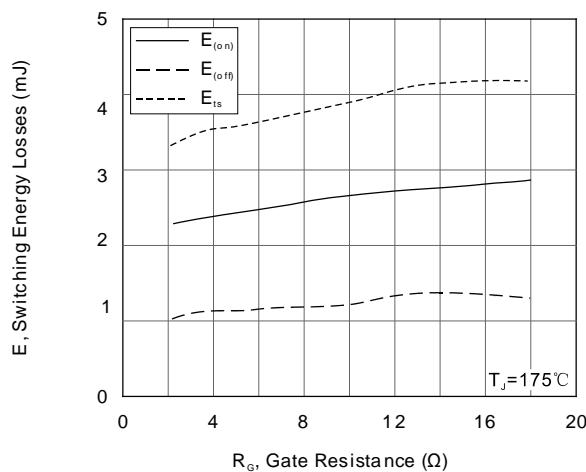


Figure 11. Typical switching energy losses vs. gate resistor
(Ind. load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=50\text{A}$)

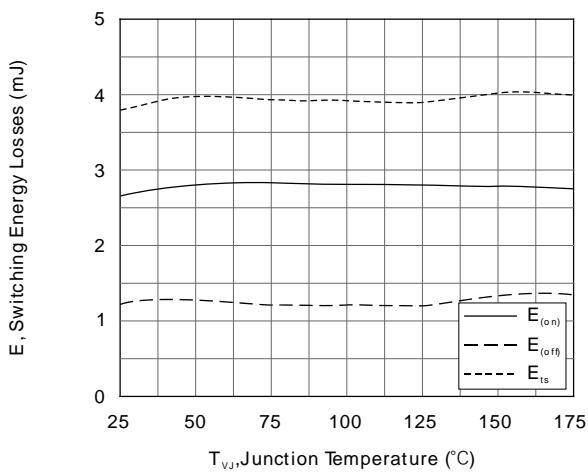


Figure 12. Typical switching energy losses vs. T_{vj}
(Ind load, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=50\text{A}$, $R_g=10\Omega$)

Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics (cont.)

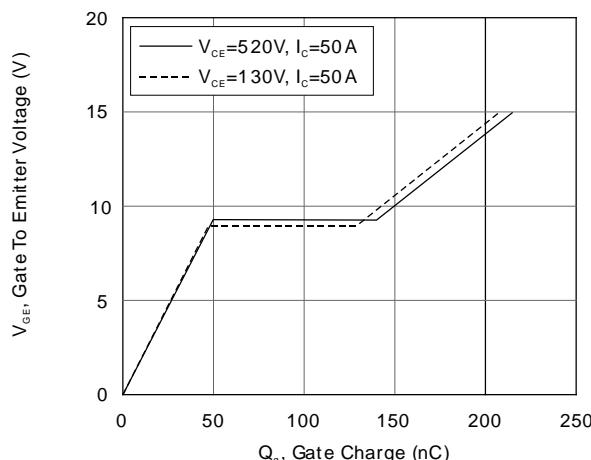


Figure 13. Typical gate charge
($T_{vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

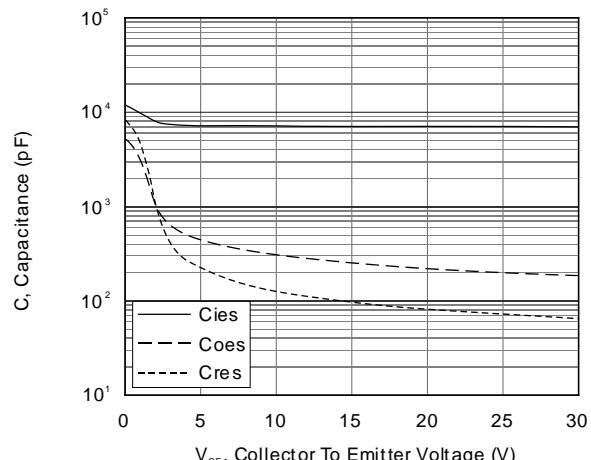


Figure 14. Typical capacitance vs. collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE}=0V$, $f=1\text{MHz}$)

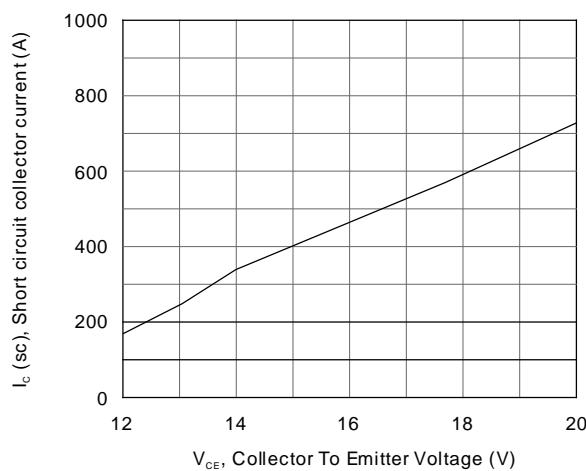


Figure 15. Typical short circuit collector current vs. gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 400\text{V}$ start at $T_{vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

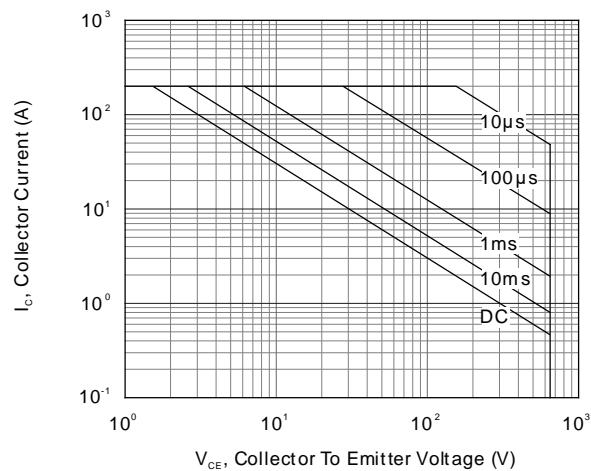


Figure 16. Forward bias safe operating area
($D=0$, $T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$)

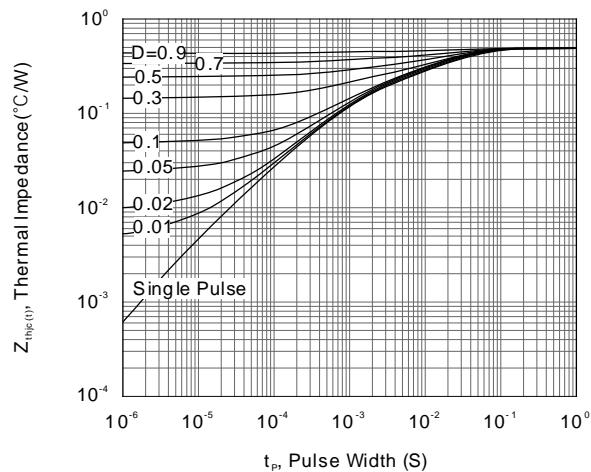


Figure 17. IGBT transient thermal impedance
($D=tp/T$)

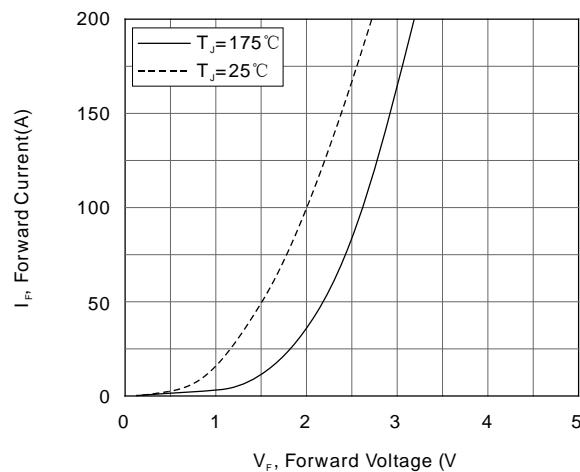


Figure 18. Typical diode forward current vs. forward voltage

Typical Electrical and Thermal Characteristics (cont.)

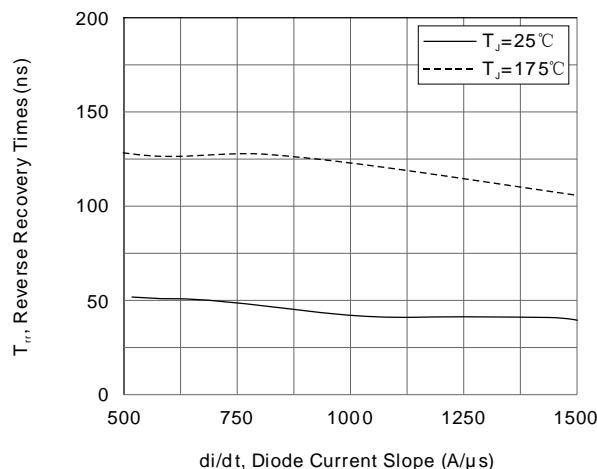


Figure 19. Typical reverse recovery time vs. diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

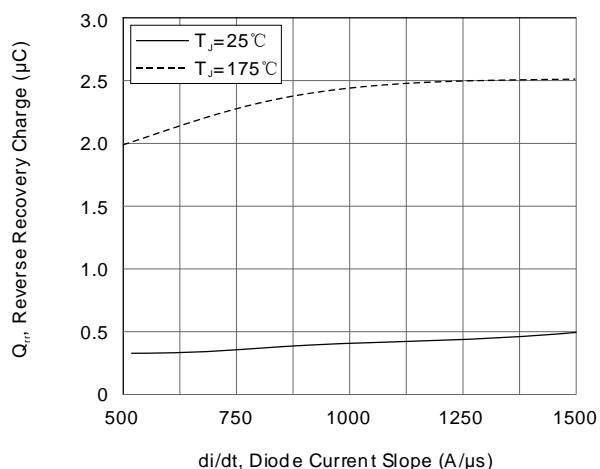


Figure 20. Typical reverse recovery charge vs. diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

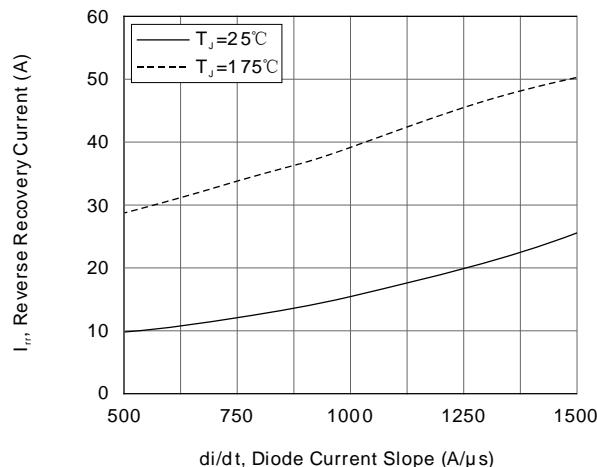
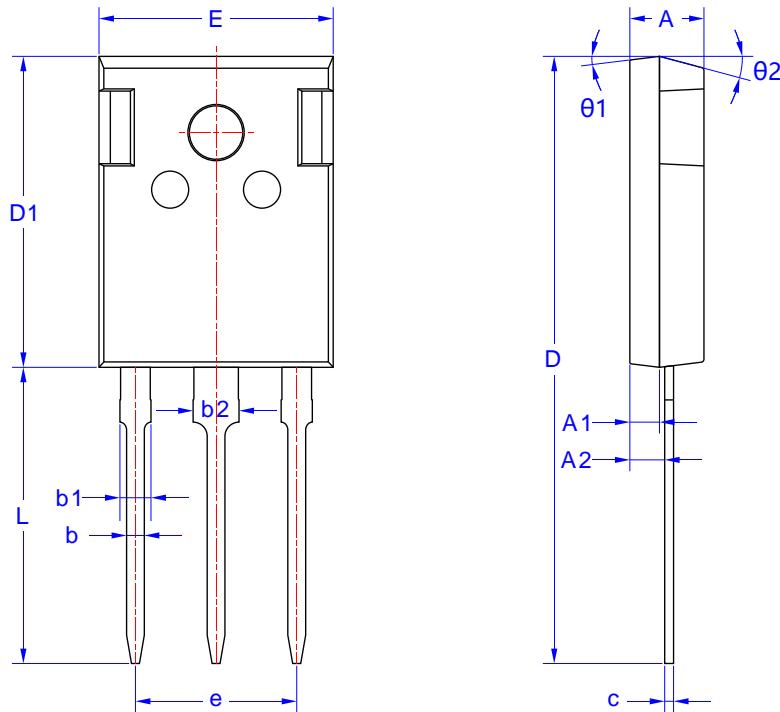


Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery current vs. diode current slope ($V_R=400V$)

Package Mechanical Data

TO-247 Package



Symbol	Dimensions in Millimeters		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	4.90	5.00	5.10
A1	1.90	2.00	2.10
A2	2.25	2.35	2.45
b		1.20	
b1		2.10	
b2		3.10	
c		0.60	
D	40.00	41.00	42.00
D1	20.80	21.00	21.20
E	15.60	15.80	16.00
e		10.88	
L	19.80	20.00	20.20
θ1		7°	
θ2		15°	